

Non Sibi High School

Andover's Chem 250: Introductory/Basic Chemistry

Chapter 7, Review Quiz 1 Answers

1

Determine the number of protons, neutrons, and electrons in:

- a. a neutral platinum-198 atom
- b. $^{126}\text{Te}^{2-}$
- c. $^{54}\text{Cr}^{3+}$

- a. platinum-198 = ^{198}Pt : Pt = 78 p, $198 - 78 \text{ p} = 120 \text{ n}$, neutral = 78 e^-
- b. Te = 52 p, $126 - 52 \text{ p} = 74 \text{ n}$, $52 \text{ p} + 2 = 54 \text{ e}^-$
- c. Cr = 24 p, $54 - 24 \text{ p} = 30 \text{ n}$, $24 \text{ p} - 3 = 21 \text{ e}^-$

2

Write a symbol that includes atomic number, mass number, and charge for the species with 51 protons, 72 neutrons, and 54 electrons.

51 p = Sb, mass number = $51 \text{ p} + 72 \text{ n} = 123$, charge = $51 \text{ p} - 54 \text{ e}^- = 3-$
symbol = $^{123}_{51}\text{Sb}^{3-}$

3

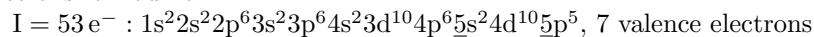
Copper has two naturally occurring isotopes, copper-63 and copper-65. Calculate the average atomic mass of copper using the information in the table below:

isotope	mass	% natural abundance
^{63}Cu	62.930	69.12%
^{65}Cu	64.928	30.88%

$$(62.930 \text{ amu})(0.6912) + (64.928 \text{ amu})(0.3088) = 63.55 \text{ amu}$$

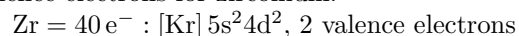
4

Write the complete electron configuration and specify the number of valence electrons for iodine.



5

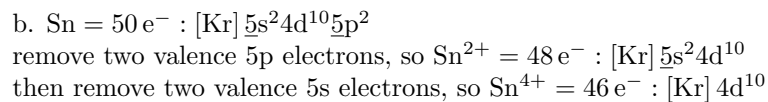
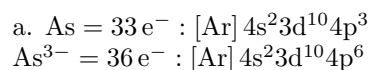
Write the shorthand noble gas electron configuration and specify the number of valence electrons for zirconium.



6

Write the shorthand noble gas electron configuration for:

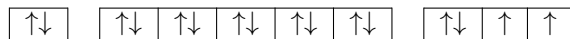
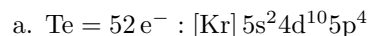
- As^{3-}
- Sn^{2+} and Sn^{4+}



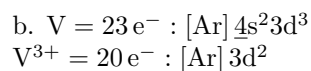
7

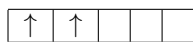
For each of the following, write the orbital diagram, determine the number of unpaired electrons, and state whether the atom or ion is paramagnetic or diamagnetic:

- Te
- V^{3+}



2 unpaired electrons, paramagnetic





2 unpaired electrons, paramagnetic



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